

READ THIS FIRST

Notice to the Design Engineer, this document is part of Facilities and Infrastructure standards for Electrical Systems. Designers are advised to NOT use this template (*.doc) document as part of any project contract documents. Designers shall use the Port of Seattle MasterSpec specifications from the following link:

<https://www.portseattle.org/page/guide-specifications>.

Designers shall edit the corresponding Port's MasterSpec specification to meet the F&I Electrical Standard outlined in this specification. Note that Port's MasterSpec specifications contain specifications and languages for both Aviation and Maritime Divisions. F&I Standards are strictly for Aviation Division, and any Maritime related specs or languages should be removed from the project specifications.

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.02 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems.
 - 2. Restraint channel bracings.
 - 3. Restraint cables.
 - 4. Seismic-restraint accessories.
 - 5. Mechanical anchor bolts.
 - 6. Adhesive anchor bolts.
 - 7. Construction requirements for concrete bases.

1.03 DEFINITIONS

- A. EMT: Electrical metallic tubing.
- B. RMC: Rigid metal conduit.
- C. Seismic Restraint: A fixed device, such as a seismic brace, an anchor bolt or stud, or a fastening assembly, used to prevent vertical or horizontal movement, or both vertical and horizontal movement, of an electrical system component during an earthquake.

- D. Mobile Structural Element: A part of the building structure such as a slab, floor structure, roof structure, or wall that may move independent of other mobile structural elements during an earthquake.

1.04 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Design supports for multiple raceways capable of supporting combined weight of supported systems and its contents.
- B. Wind-Restraint Loading:
 - 1. Basic Wind Speed: 85mph.
 - 2. Building Classification Category: [I] [II] [III] [IV], depending on project parameters
- C. Seismic-Restraint Loading:
 - 1. All equipment shall be seismically rated for the applicable conditions.

1.05 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
 - 1. Steel slotted support systems.
 - 2. Nonmetallic slotted support systems.
 - 3. Illustrate and indicate style, material, strength, fastening provision, and finish for each type and size of seismic-restraint component used.
 - a. Tabulate types and sizes of seismic restraints, including anchor bolts, expansion anchors, epoxy anchored anchors and studs, complete with report numbers and rated strength in tension and shear as evaluated by an evaluation service member of ICC-ES.
 - b. Annotate to indicate application of each product submitted and compliance with requirements.
- B. Delegated-Design Submittal: For each seismic-restraint device not defined by details and charts on the drawings.
 - 1. Include design calculations and details for selecting seismic restraints complying with performance requirements, design criteria, and analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
 - 2. Design Calculations: Calculate static and dynamic loading caused by equipment weight, operation, and seismic and wind forces required to select seismic and wind restraints and for designing vibration isolation bases.
 - a. Coordinate design calculations with wind load calculations required for equipment mounted outdoors. Comply with requirements in other Sections for equipment mounted outdoors.

3. Seismic- and Wind-Restraint Details:

- a. Design Analysis: To support selection and arrangement of seismic and wind restraints. Include calculations of combined tensile and shear loads.
 - b. Details: Indicate fabrication and arrangement. Detail attachments of restraints to the restrained items and to the structure. Show attachment locations, methods, and spacings. Identify components, list their strengths, and indicate directions and values of forces transmitted to the structure during seismic events. Indicate association with vibration isolation devices.
 - c. Coordinate seismic-restraint and vibration isolation details with wind-restraint details required for equipment mounted outdoors. Comply with requirements in other Sections for equipment mounted outdoors.
 - d. Preapproval and Evaluation Documentation: By an evaluation service member of ICC-ES, showing maximum ratings of restraint items and the basis for approval (tests or calculations).
- C. Shop Drawings: Signed and sealed by a qualified professional engineer. Show fabrication and installation details and include calculations for the following:
1. Trapeze hangers. Include Product Data for components.
 2. Steel slotted channel systems. Include Product Data for components.
 3. Nonmetallic slotted channel systems. Include Product Data for components.
 4. Equipment supports.
- D. Coordination Drawings: Plans and sections drawn to scale which show the coordination of seismic bracing for electrical components with other systems and equipment in the vicinity, including other supports and seismic restraints.
- E. Product Certificates: Signed by manufacturers of seismic restraints' professional engineer certifying that products furnished comply with requirements.
- F. Field quality-control reports.

1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, that is a nationally recognized testing laboratory as defined by OSHA in 29 CFR 1910.7 and that is acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Comply with seismic-restraint requirements in the IBC unless requirements in this Section are more stringent.
- C. Seismic-restraint devices shall have horizontal and vertical load testing and analysis. They shall bear anchorage preapproval from OSHPD in addition to preapproval, showing maximum seismic-restraint ratings, by ICC-ES or another agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Ratings based on independent testing are preferred to ratings based on calculations. If preapproved ratings are not available, submittals based on independent testing are preferred. Calculations (including combining shear

and tensile loads) that support seismic-restraint designs must be signed and sealed by a qualified professional engineer.

- D. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."
- E. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.07 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified together with concrete Specifications.
- B. Coordinate installation of roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations. These items are specified in Section 077200 "Roof Accessories."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 SUPPORT, ANCHORAGE, AND ATTACHMENT COMPONENTS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Cooper B-Line, Inc.
 - 2. ERICO International Corporation.
 - 3. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
 - 4. Unistrut; Atkore International.
- B. Steel Slotted Support Systems: Comply with MFMA-4, factory-fabricated components for field assembly.
 - 1. 1-5/8 inch x 1-5/8 inch cross section.
 - 2. Formed from 0.1046 inch thick steel.
 - 3. Slots at maximum of 2 inches on center in webs, and flange edges turned toward web.
 - 4. Materials: ASTM A570, Grade 33
 - 5. Finish: Baked, rust inhibiting, acrylic enamel paint applied after cleaning and phosphate treatment, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 6. Metallic Coatings: Hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and applied according to MFMA-4.
 - 7. Nonmetallic Coatings: Manufacturer's standard PVC, polyurethane, or polyester coating applied according to MFMA-4.
 - 8. Channel Dimensions: Selected for applicable load criteria.
- C. Raceway and Cable Supports: As described in NECA 1 and NECA 101. All raceway and cable supports for both interior and exterior applications shall be galvanized.

SECTION 26 05 29: HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

POS SEA-TAC INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

- D. Conduit Support Devices: Galvanized steel hangers, clamps, and associated fittings, designed for types and sizes of raceway or cable to be supported.
- E. Support for Conductors in Vertical Conduit: Factory-fabricated assembly consisting of threaded body and insulating wedging plug or plugs for non-armored electrical conductors or cables in riser conduits. Plugs shall have number, size, and shape of conductor gripping pieces as required to suit individual conductors or cables supported. Body shall be malleable iron.
- F. Structural Steel for Fabricated Supports and Restraints: ASTM A 36/A 36M, steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.
- G. Mounting, Anchoring, and Attachment Components: Items for fastening electrical items or their supports to building surfaces include the following:
 - 1. Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type, zinc-coated steel, for use in hardened Portland cement concrete with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials in which used.
 - a. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1) Cooper B-Line, Inc.
 - 2) Empire Tool and Manufacturing Co., Inc.
 - 3) Hilti, Inc.
 - 4) ITW Ramset/Red Head; Illinois Tool Works, Inc.
 - 5) MKT Fastening, LLC.
 - 2. Clip type conduit fasteners are NOT allowed. All fasteners and clamps for conduit raceway support shall use mechanical bolted type hardware.
 - 3. Concrete Inserts: Steel or malleable-iron, slotted support system units similar to MSS Type 18; complying with MFMA-4 or MSS SP-58.
 - 4. Clamps for Attachment to Steel Structural Elements: MSS SP-58, type suitable for attached structural element.
 - 5. Through Bolts: Structural type, hex head, and high strength. Comply with ASTM A 325.
 - 6. Toggle Bolts: All-steel springhead type.
 - 7. Hanger Rods: Threaded galvanized steel.

2.02 FABRICATED METAL EQUIPMENT SUPPORT ASSEMBLIES

- A. Description: Welded or bolted, structural-steel shapes, shop or field fabricated to fit dimensions of supported equipment.
- B. Materials: All raceway, box and cable supports shall be galvanized steel.

2.03 RESTRAINT CABLES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Kinetics Noise Control, Inc.
 - 2. Loos & Co., Inc.
 - 3. Vibration Mountings & Controls, Inc.
- B. Restraint Cables: ASTM A 603 galvanized-high strength steel cables. End connections made of steel assemblies with thimbles, brackets, swivel, and bolts designed for restraining cable service; with a minimum of two clamping bolts for cable engagement.
 - 1. Arrange units for attachment to the braced component at one end and to the structure at the other end.

2.04 SEISMIC RESTRAINT ACCESSORIES

- A. Manufacturers: Provide products by same manufacturer as channels and designed for use with that product.
 - 1. Materials for Fittings and Accessories: ASTM A575, ASTM A576 or ASTM A36.
- B. Hanger-Rod Stiffener: Slotted steel channels with internally bolted connections to hanger rod.
- C. Hinged and Swivel Brace Attachments: Multifunctional steel connectors for attaching hangers to rigid channel bracings and restraint cables.
- D. Bushings for Floor-Mounted Equipment Anchor Bolts: Neoprene bushings designed for seismically rated equipment mountings and matched to type and size of anchor bolts and studs.
- E. Bushing Assemblies for Wall-Mounted Equipment Anchorage: Assemblies of neoprene elements and steel sleeves designed for seismically rated rigid equipment mountings and matched to type and size of attachment devices used.
- F. Resilient Isolation Washers and Bushings: One-piece, molded, oil- and water-resistant neoprene, with a flat washer face.

PART 3 - INSTALLATION

3.01 GENERAL

- A. If all or a portion of the work covered by this section is to be conducted within the Air Operations Area (AOA) at Sea-Tac International Airport, restrictions and conditions necessary to maintain airfield and aircraft safety as required by FAA regulations and as

required to maintain efficient airport operations may impose limitations upon the Contractor's methods and procedures.

- B. Coordinate layout and installation of seismic bracing with building structural system and architectural features, and with mechanical, fire-protection, electrical, and other building features in the vicinity.
- C. Coordinate concrete bases with building structural system

3.02 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and equipment to receive vibration isolation and seismic-control devices for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine roughing-in for reinforcement and cast-in-place anchors to verify actual locations before installation.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.03 APPLICATION

- A. Locations:
 - 1. Indoor Dry Locations: Steel, zinc plated materials.
 - 2. Outdoors and Damp Locations: Galvanized steel products.
 - 3. Corrosive Locations: Stainless Steel.
- B. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for application of hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems except if requirements in this Section are stricter.
- C. Maximum Support Spacing and Minimum Hanger Rod Size for Raceway: Space supports for EMT and RMC as required by NFPA 70. Minimum rod size shall be 3/8 inch in diameter.
- D. Multiple Raceways or Cables: Install trapeze-type supports fabricated with 3/8 in rod minimum and 1-15/8 inch square preformed steel slotted channel support system, sized so conduit capacity can be increased by at least 25 percent in future without exceeding specified design load limits.
 - 1. Secure raceways and cables to these supports with two-bolt conduit clamps approved for application by an agency acceptable to the AHJ.
- E. Hanger-Rod Stiffeners: Install hanger-rod stiffeners where required to prevent buckling of hanger rods caused by seismic forces.

- F. Strength of Support and Seismic-Restraint Assemblies: Where not indicated, select sizes of components so strength will be adequate to carry present and future static and seismic loads within specified loading limits.

3.04 SUPPORT AND SEISMIC RESTRAINT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for installation requirements except as specified in this Article.
- B. Coordinate the location of embedded connection hardware with supported equipment attachment and mounting points and with requirements for concrete reinforcement and formwork specified by applicable engineer of record.
- C. Raceways shall not be supported from ducts, pipes or other systems foreign to the electrical installation. The entire electrical installation shall be kept independent from any other trade.
- D. Raceway Support Methods: In addition to methods described in NECA 1, EMT and RMC may be supported by openings through structure members, as permitted in NFPA 70.
 - 1. Raceways shall be supported with heavy-duty on-hole pressed steel straps on interior surfaces.
 - 2. Support pendent mounted raceways on 3/8 inch rod with pear shaped hanger or trapeze type hanger with 3/8 inch rod minimum and 1-5/8 inch square pre-formed channel and pipe clamps.
 - 3. Parallel surface mounted raceways shall be supported from 1-5/8 inch pre-formed channel and pipe clamps.
 - 4. Multiple conduit runs shall be grouped and neatly racked on trapeze hangers with spare room for minimum (2) 3/4 inch future conduits.
 - 5. Refer to Section 260548.16 Seismic Controls for Electrical Systems.
- E. Strength of Support Assemblies: Where not indicated, select sizes of components so strength will be adequate to carry present and future static loads within specified loading limits. Determination shall be weight of supported components plus 200 lb.
- F. Install seismic restraints according to applicable codes and regulations and as approved by authority having jurisdiction, unless more stringent requirements are indicated.
 - 1. Use bolted connections with steel brackets, slotted channel and slotted channel fittings to transmit the design loads.
- G. Seismic Bracing Installation:
 - 1. Expansion and Contraction: Install to allow for thermal movement of braced components.

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2. Cable Braces: Install snug tight unless otherwise recommended by the manufacturer. Do not exceed the maximum cable slack as recommended by the cable manufacturer.
 3. Attachment to Structure: If specific attachment is not indicated, anchor bracing to the structure at flanges of beams and columns, upper truss chords of bar joints, or at concrete members.
- H. Equipment and Hanger Restraints:
1. Install resilient, bolt-isolation washers on equipment anchor bolts where clearance between anchor and adjacent surface exceeds 0.125 inch.
 2. Install seismic-restraint devices using methods approved by an agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction providing required submittals for component.
- I. Install cables so they do not bend across edges of adjacent equipment or building structure.
- J. Mounting and Anchorage of Surface-Mounted Equipment and Components: Anchor and fasten electrical items and their supports to building structural elements by the following methods unless otherwise indicated by code:
1. Install bushing assemblies for mounting bolts for wall-mounted equipment, arranged to provide resilient media where equipment or equipment-mounting channels are attached to wall.
 2. Attachment to Structure: If specific attachment is not indicated, anchor bracing to structure at flanges of beams, at upper truss chords of bar joists, or at concrete members.
 3. Attachment to New Concrete: Bolt to channel type concrete inserts or use expansion anchors.
 4. Attachments to Existing Concrete: Use expansion anchors.
 - a. Holes for Expansion Anchors in Concrete: Drill at locations and to depths that avoid reinforcing bars.
 5. To Metal Stud Structures: Fasten with sheet metal screw or bolted fasteners.
 6. To Structural Walls or Slabs: Fasten with steel expansion shells and bolts. Provide flush concrete insert for multiple raceway support system.
 7. Structural Steel: Bolt to heavy duty beam clamps on flanges of beams and columns, or on upper truss chords or bar joists.
 8. Architectural Walls or Masonry Walls: Fasten with toggle bolts or molly screws.
 9. Provide flush concrete insert for multiple raceway support system.
 10. Attachments to Wood Structural Members: Install bolts through members.
 11. Attachments to Hollow Walls: Bolt to slotted steel channels fastened to wall with expansion anchors.
- K. Drilled-in Anchors:
1. Identify position of reinforcing steel and other embedded items prior to drilling holes for anchors. Do not damage existing reinforcing or embedded items during coring or drilling. Notify the structural engineer if reinforcing steel or other

- embedded items are encountered during drilling. Locate and avoid prestressed tendons, electrical and telecommunications conduit, and gas lines.
2. Do not drill holes in concrete or masonry until concrete, mortar, or grout has achieved full design strength.
 3. Wedge Anchors: Protect threads from damage during anchor installation. Heavy-duty sleeve anchors shall be installed with sleeve fully engaged in the structural element to which anchor is to be fastened.
 4. Adhesive Anchors: Clean holes to remove loose material and drilling dust prior to installation of adhesive. Place adhesive in holes proceeding from the bottom of the hole and progressing toward the surface in such a manner as to avoid introduction of air pockets in the adhesive.
 5. Set anchors to manufacturer's recommended torque using a torque wrench.
 6. Install zinc-coated steel anchors for interior and stainless-steel anchors for exterior applications.

L. Electrical Equipment Anchorage

1. Anchor rigidly to a single mobile structural element or to a concrete base that is structurally tied to a single mobile structural element.
2. All floor-mounted equipment shall be secured to the housekeeping bases with ductile steel anchor bolts, preset in the concrete base as leveled by self-leveling laser leveling tool. Secure vibration mounts, where required, to the concrete bases such that the equipment is free to vibrate but cannot move from the base.
 - a. Housekeeping Bases: Provide appropriately sized concrete housekeeping bases for all floor mounted equipment unless otherwise noted. Size concrete bases so expansion anchors will be a minimum of 10 bolt diameters from the edge of the concrete base. Bases shall be 3-1/2" nominal thick concrete with #4 reinforcing bars each way on 12 inch centers and doweled to floor slab unless noted otherwise. Trowel finish with 1" beveled edge all around and self-leveling grout no less than 3000 psi strength. Slab shall be level to an overall tenth of a two percent slope or less. Flatness shall have a 0.03 inch tolerance as demonstrated by laser level. Provide steel angle iron on edges of housekeeping bases.
 - b. Bushings for Floor Mounted Equipment Anchors: Install to allow for resilient media between anchor bolt or stud and mounting hole in concrete.
3. Wall Mounted Equipment Fastening: Rigidly secure all flush or surface mounted equipment, such as panelboards or cabinets to structure. Use expanding type anchors for concrete or masonry construction.
 - a. Anchor Bolt Bushing Assemblies for Wall Mounted Equipment: Install to allow for resilient media where equipment or equipment mounting channels are attached to wall.
4. Torque bolts and nuts on studs to values recommended by equipment manufacturer.
 - a. Mark lugs after torqueing with red paint such that paint will be visibly disturbed if lugs are disturbed.

3.05 ACCOMMODATION OF DIFFERENTIAL SEISMIC MOTION

- A. Install flexible connections in runs of raceways, cables, wireways, cable trays, and busways where they cross expansion and seismic joints, where adjacent sections or branches are supported by different structural elements, and where connection is terminated to equipment that is anchored to a different structural element from the one supporting them as they approach equipment.

3.06 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust restraints to permit free movement of equipment within normal mode of operation.

3.07 PAINTING

- A. Touchup: Clean field welds and abraded areas of shop paint. Paint exposed areas immediately after erecting hangers and supports. Use same materials as used for shop painting. Comply with SSPC-PA 1 requirements for touching up field-painted surfaces.
 - 1. Apply paint by brush or spray to provide minimum dry film thickness of 2.0 mils.
- B. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and apply galvanizing-repair paint to comply with ASTM A 780.

END OF SECTION 260529